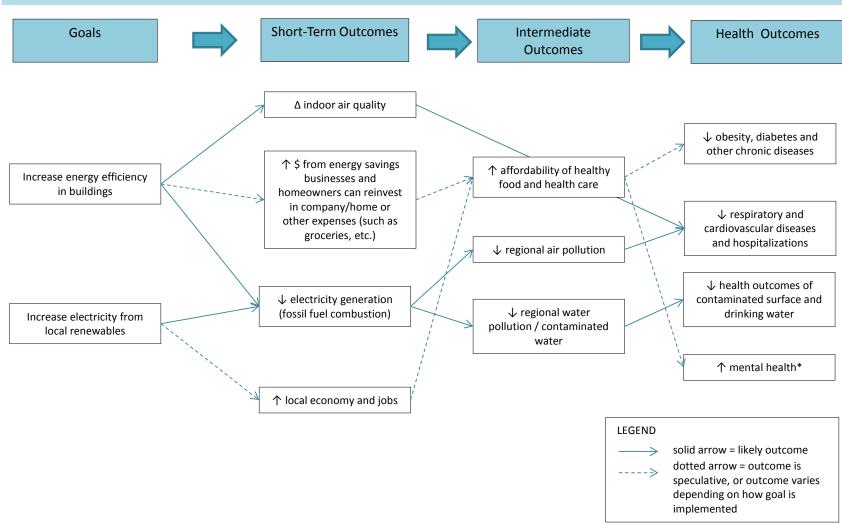
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Buildings and Energy goals

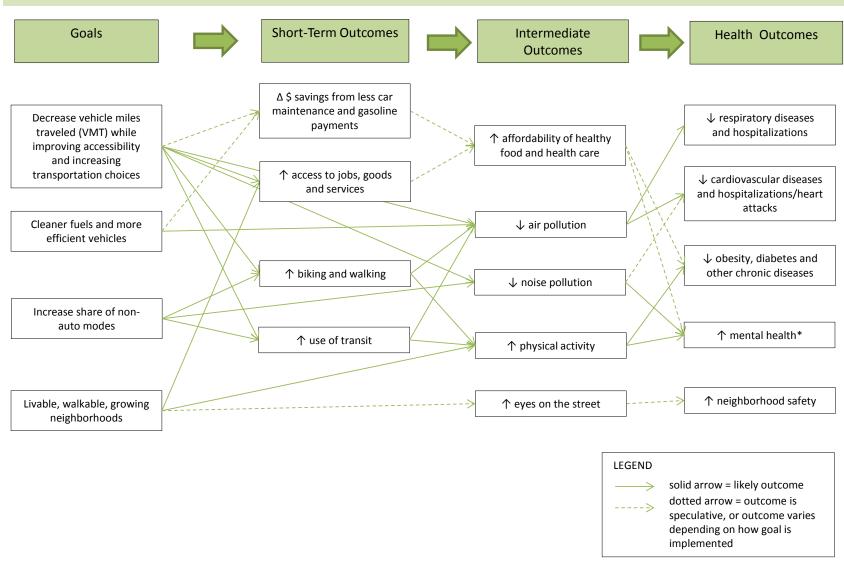


* Impacts of mental health includes: stress, depression, stress-related illness, increased inflammatory response, decreased immune response, substance abuse, decreased lifespan

Note - Δ asserts that impacts could be positive or negative. For example, energy efficient buildings may decrease mold or radon exposure if properly ventilated; however, energy efficient buildings without proper ventilation may promote mold growth and decrease indoor air quality.

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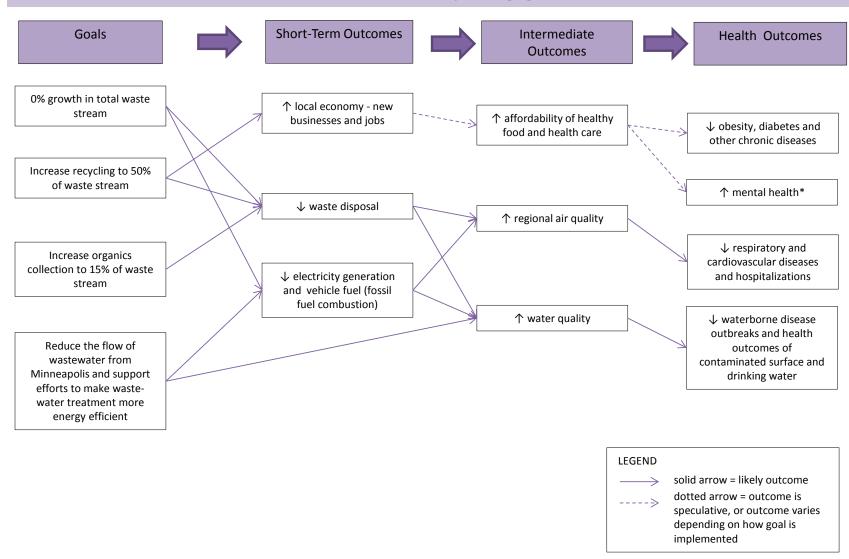
Transportation and Land Use goals



* Impacts of mental health includes: stress, depression, stress-related illness, increased inflammatory response, decreased immune response, substance abuse, decreased lifespan

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Waste and Recycling goals



* Impacts of mental health includes: stress, depression, stress-related illness, increased inflammatory response, decreased immune response, substance abuse, decreased lifespan

Summary Impacts Table

Health Outcome/ Determinant	Impact (Direction and Extent)	Likelihood	Distribution	Quality of Evidence
Buildings and Energy				
 Obesity, diabetes and other chronic diseases Respiratory and cardiovascular diseases and hospitalizations Negative health outcomes of contaminated surface water and drinking water Mental health 	▼ ▼▼▼ ▲	Possible Likely Possible Possible	 Low-income residents impacted more Residents living in the pathway of power plants impacted more Residents living near power plants impacted more Low-income residents impacted more 	* *** **
Transportation and Land Use				
 Respiratory and cardiovascular diseases and hospitalizations Obesity, diabetes and other chronic diseases Mental health Neighborhood safety 		Likely Likely Possible Possible	 Residents located near major roads impacted more Residents using non-auto mode share impacted more Residents using non-auto mode share impacted more Residents of livable, walkable neighborhood impacted more 	*** *** **
Waste and Recycling				
 Respiratory and cardiovascular diseases and hospitalizations Waterborne disease outbreaks and health outcomes of contaminated surface and drinking water 	••	Possible Possible	 Residents living in the pathway of landfills or power plants impacted more Residents living near landfills impacted more 	**

Summary Impacts Table: Notes

Direction and Extent of Impact (combine direction, magnitude and severity into one measure): Severe impact on many = ▲▲▲▲ or ▼▼▼▼ Severe impact for few or small impact on many = ▲▲▲ or ▼▼▼ Moderate impact on medium number = ▲▲ or ▼▼ Small impact on few = ▲ or ▼ Uncertain = ? No effect = "No effect" or "None"

Likelihood of Impact:

Likely = it is likely that impacts will occur as a result of the proposal Possible = it is possible that impacts will occur as a result of the proposal Unlikely = it is unlikely that impacts will occur as a result of the proposal Uncertain = it is unclear if impacts will occur as a result of the proposal

Distribution of Impact:

Name subpopulation impacted more (e.g., "low-income residents impacted more"; "Blacks impacted more") or "equal impacts"

Strength/Quality of Evidence:

*** (e.g., many strong studies)

** (e.g., one or two good studies)

* (e.g., no clear studies, but generally consistent with principles of public health)